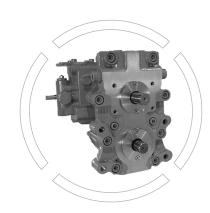


HT S10 Series

Hydrostatic Transmission Displacement: 56 mL/r Rated pressure: 320 Bar Maximum pressure: 390 Bar



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Features

The HT S10 series hydrostatic transmission is an integrated unit of pump + motor developed for the agricultural machinery field. This series of devices can give full play to the driving performance of agricultural machinery and meet the application requirements of agricultural machinery customers for harsh working conditions such as high pressure and high speed.

- The integrated plunger unit developed specifically for agricultural machinery enables the operation performance of agricultural machinery to be fully utilized.
- High volumetric efficiency, output volumetric efficiency can reach over 90%.
- Output speed and displacement are proportional and steplessly adjustable.
- The output speed increases from zero to the maximum value as the swash plate angle increases.
- The pump and motor are integrated into one, effectively reducing the layout of connecting pipes.
- Compared with traditional split hydraulic pumps, it has smaller pipeline pressure loss



Ordering code

		_ 1								
Hydrostatic transmission	H	Γ								
Swash plate variable displacement pump	HT									
Displacement										
Geometric displacement, unit: mL/r 48 56										
Variable control method	40		I	-						
Machanical come without handle	48	56	HW1	-						
Mechanical servo, without handle	0		HW2	-						
Mechanical servo, with flat handle	0		HW3	-						
Mechanical servo, with Z handle	0		EP1	-						
Electric proportioal control, 12V, connector type: Deutsch DT04-2P	0	0	EP2	-						
Electric proportioal control, 24V, connector type: Deutsch DT04-2P	0		LFZ	J						
Brake valve										
		48	56							
No brake valve		0	•	0						
With brake valve, 12V, electric brake, connector model: Deutsch DT04	1-2P	0	0	1						
With brake valve, 24V, electric brake, connector model: Deutsch DT04	1-2P	0	0	2						
With brake valve, 12V, power-off brake, connector model: Deutsch DT	04-2P	0	0	3						
With brake valve, 24V, power-off brake, connector model: Deutsch DTe	04-2P	0	0	4						
Additional features										
		48	3	56						
No additional features		C)	•	0					
Serial number						_				
ociiai iidilibci				1	56		1			
			48	5	00 1		_			
S10 series			48		•	10				
S10 series				(•	10				
				(•					
S10 series Enter rotation				48	5					
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW)				48	•		R			
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW)	and\			48	•		R			
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW)	end)			48	5	6	L			
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft e	•	the lef	0	48	50		L			
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft explanation) The pump is located on the top and the variable cylinder	•	the lef	0	48	5	56	L	L		
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft e	•	the lef	0	48	48	56	L S	L		
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft explanation) The pump is located on the top and the variable cylinder Front cover type	is on		0	48	50	56	L			
S10 series Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft e	is on		0	48	48	56	L S		F3	
Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft explanation) The pump is located on the top and the variable cylinder Front cover type Pump stop flange Ø72, Motor stop flange Ø72, Oil inlet pound mounting bolt holes Spacing: M8x92x56	is on		0	48	48	56	L S		F3	
Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft e The pump is located on the top and the variable cylinder Front cover type Pump stop flange Ø72, Motor stop flange Ø72, Oil inlet p	is on		0	48	48	56	L S		F3	
Enter rotation Clockwise (CW) Counterclockwise (CCW) Variable cylinder position (viewed from input shaft experiments) The pump is located on the top and the variable cylinder Front cover type Pump stop flange Ø72, Motor stop flange Ø72, Oil inlet pound mounting bolt holes Spacing: M8x92x56	is on		0	48	48	56	L S		F3	J1

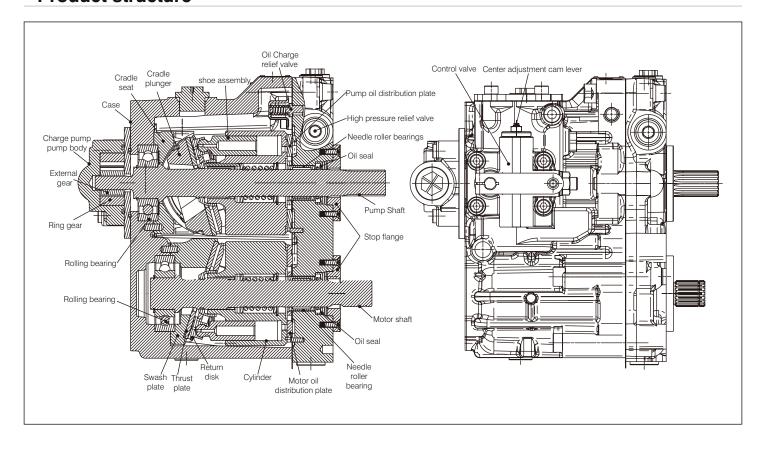


Ordering code

	Accessories		
		48	56
	No special accessories	0	•
	With external filter	0	0
Spe	ecial hardware features		
		48	56
No	special hardware	0	•
	sure relief valve, right side o is located at top, Viewed from input shaft end, The high pressure relie	ef valve	is on ri
(110 pamp		48	56
High pres	sure relief valve without throttle hole (Open at set pressure, relief)		
High pres	sure relief valve set pressure 39MPa	0	•
High pres	sure relief valve with orifice		
High pres	sure relief valve set pressure 39MPa	0	•
	relief valve, left side ocated at top, Viewed from input shaft end, The high pressure relief	f valve i	is on le
(mo pamp to to	,	48	56
High pressure re	elief valve without throttle hole (Open at set pressure, relief)		
High pressure re	elief valve set pressure 39MPa	0	•
High pressure re	elief valve with orifice		
High pressure re	elief valve set pressure 39MPa	0	•
Charge pump			
		48	56
Charge pump left rota	ation, Disp. 13.6 mL/r, Oil inlet G3/4, Oil outlet G1/2	0	•
Charge pump left rota	ation, Disp. 13.6 mL/r, Oil inlet G3/4, Oil outlet G3/4	0	0
Charge pump right ro	tation, Disp. 13.6 mL/r, Oil inlet G3/4, Oil outlet G1/2	0	•
o nanga pannip ngini ra	tation, Disp. 13.6 mL/r, Oil inlet G3/4, Oil outlet G3/4	0	•
0 1 1 0			
Charge pump right ro			
Charge pump right ro	1	48	56
Charge pump right roptor shaft configuration 3 D 2001, 20x18x1.25, sh	aft extension length 37, The distance between retaining ring groove	48	56
Charge pump right ro S D 2001, 20x18x1.25, she shaft end face is 5mm S D 2001, 20x18x1.25, she shaft end face is 5mm			56
Charge pump right ro Charge pump right ro	aft extension length 37, The distance between retaining ring groove	0	56 •



Product structure





Technical data

Hydraulic oil

mineral oil

Working viscosity range

To obtain optimum efficiency and service life, we recommend that the operating viscosity (at operating temperature) be selected within the following range:

V_{opt} = optimal working viscosity 16...36mm²/s

Dependent on circuit temperature (closed circuit)

Viscosity limit range, The viscosity limits are as follows:

 $V_{min} = 5mm^2/s$

Short-term (t<3min)

Maximum allowable temperature:

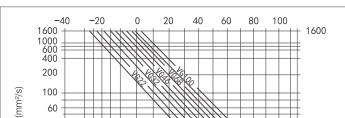
 $t_{max} = +115^{\circ}C;$

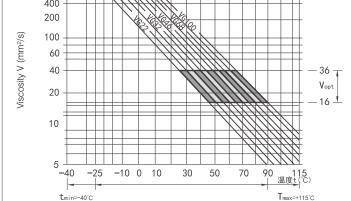
 $V_{max} = 1600 \text{mm}^2/\text{s}$

Short-term (t<3min)

Cold start (p≤3Mpa, n≤1000rpm, tmin=-40°C)

Only suitable for no-load starting, the optimum working viscosity must be reached within 15 minutes.





Hydraulic temperature range

Hydraulic oil selection instructions

In order to select the right hydraulic oil, it is necessary to know the operating temperature in relation to the ambient temperature, or in a closed circuit the circuit temperature. Hydraulic oil should have the best viscosity (Vip) within the working range (see the shaded part of the selection chart). We recommend choosing a higher viscosity grade under the same conditions.

Example: At the ambient temperature of XC, the operating temperature in the circuit is 60°C. Within the optimum working viscosity range (V: shaded area), corresponding to viscosity grades VG46 or VG68, VG68 should be selected. Note: The case drain temperature is affected by pressure and speed and is always higher than the circuit temperature. The temperature at any point in the system cannot exceed 115°C.

Filter

The finer the oil is filtered, the higher the oil cleanliness and the longer the service life of the axial piston element. In order to ensure the normal operation of the axial piston element, the oil cleanliness level should be at least:

20/18/15 according to ISO4406

Depending on the system and application,

we recommend: Filter **6**20 ≥ 100

The filter element must not be reduced when the pressure difference increases.

At higher oil temperatures (90°C to a maximum of 115°C), the cleanliness level should be at least: 19/17/14 according to ISO4406

Working pressure range

Variable pump

Oil Charge pressure (n= 2000 rpm)Psp 2.3 Mpa

Charge pump

Suction pressure Psmin (V≤30mm²/s) ≥0.8 MPa

Shaft sealing ring

Allowable pressure load≥0.08Mpa

The service life of the shaft seal is affected by the pump speed and case drain pressure. It is recommended that the average sustained case oil drain pressure at operating temperature should not exceed 0.3Mpa (when the speed decreases, the maximum case oil drain pressure is 0.6Mpa), and the short-term (t < 0.1s) absolute peak pressure is allowed to reach 1MPa. The higher the frequency of pressure peaks, the shorter the service life of the shaft seal ring. The pressure inside the case must be equal to or greater than the external pressure of the shaft seal.

Temperature range Fluoro rubber shaft seals are suitable for housing temperatures ranging from -25°C to +115°C.



Technical Parameter table

Specifications				56	
	Variable pump	Vgmax	mL/r	56	
Displacement	Dosing motor	Vgmax	mL/r	56	
	Oil charge pump (P= 2.3MPa)	Vgmax	mL/r	13.6	
Speed	Input Speed	nmax	rpm	3000	
		nmin	rpm	800	
	Output Speed	nmax	rpm	3000	
		nmin	rpm	0	
Flow	When no max continues and Vgmax		168		
Relief pressure	ressure Mpa				
Weight	Weight kg				

[Nm]

Specification calculations:

Flow
$$q_v = \frac{V_g \cdot n \cdot \eta_v}{1000}$$
 [L/min]

V_g = Displacement per revolution mL/r

 Δ_P = Pressure difference bar

Torque
$$T = \frac{V_9 \cdot \Delta P}{20 \cdot \pi \cdot \eta_{mh}}$$

n = Speed rpm

 η_v = Volumetric efficiency

Power $P = \frac{2\pi \cdot T \cdot n}{60000} = \frac{q \cdot \Delta P}{600 \cdot n_t}$ [KW]

 η_{mh} = Mechanical hydraulic efficiency

 η_t = Total efficiency



Node control mode - mechanical servo control, HW

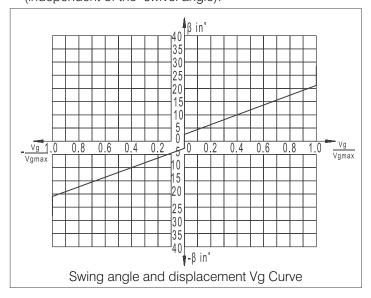
Depending on the operating direction a or b of the control lever, the oil pump control cylinder obtains the control pressure via the HW control device, so that the swash plate and thus the displacement can be infinitely adjusted. Each operating direction of the control lever corresponds to a flow direction.

The swing angle B of the control lever during swing: Control starting point $= \pm 2.5^{\circ}$

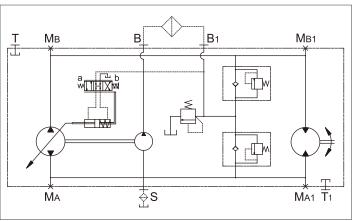
Control end point = $\pm 21^{\circ}$ (maximum displacement Vg max) Mechanical limit: $\pm 31^{\circ}$

The swivel of the HW joystick must be limited in the external position sensor (setpoint device).

Note: When there is no torque on the control lever of the HW control, the spring centering function automatically moves the oil pump to the zero position (V=0) (independent of the swivel angle).

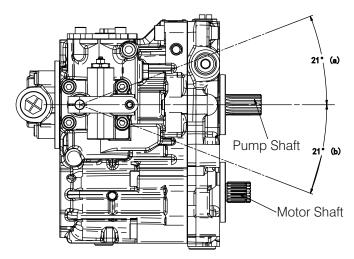


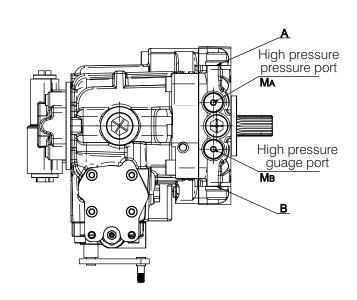
Hydraulic Schematic Diagram



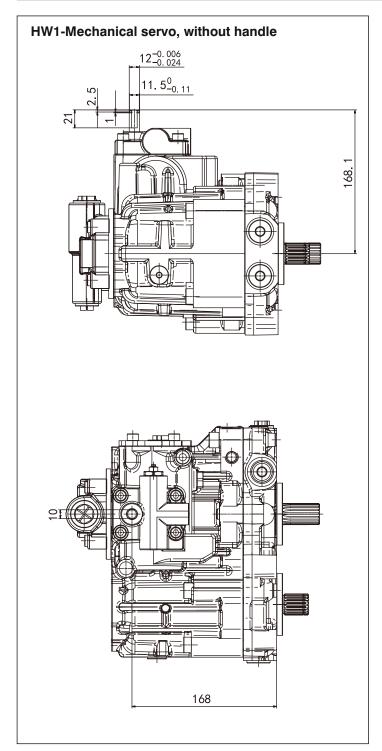
Rotation direction - control - flow direction relationship

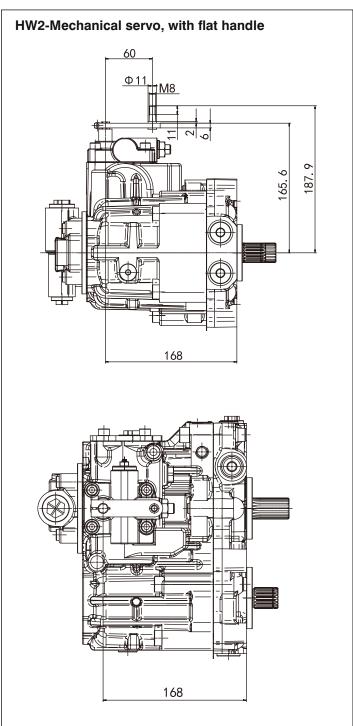
Enter rotation	Operating position	High pressure oil circuit
Clockwise	а	В
Ciockwise	b	А
Counter-clockwise	а	А
Counter-clockwise	b	В



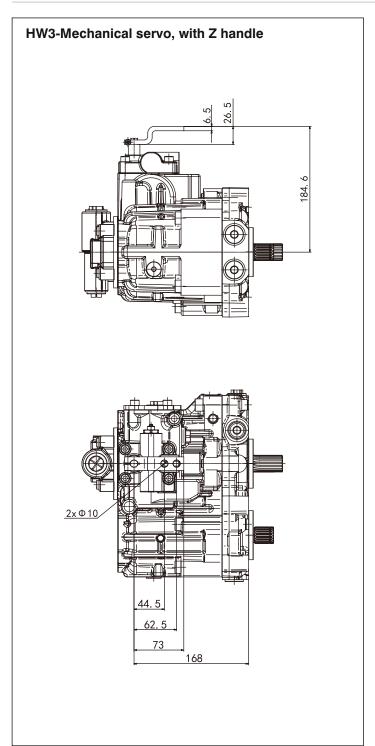


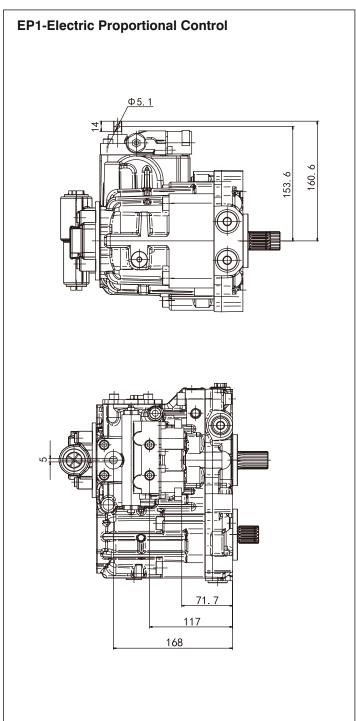






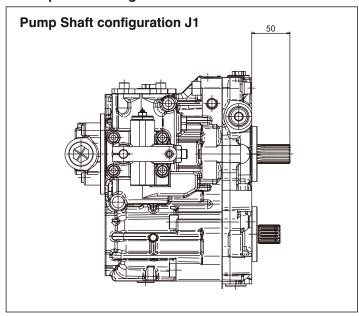


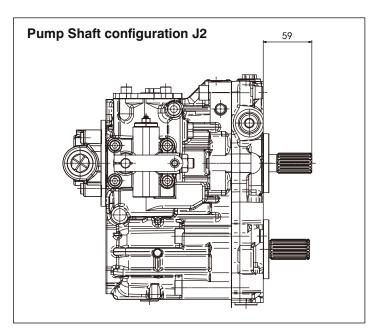




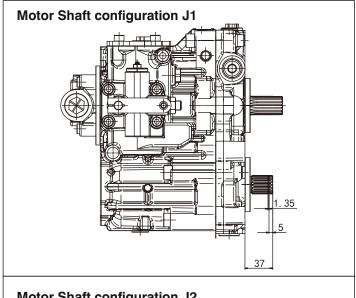


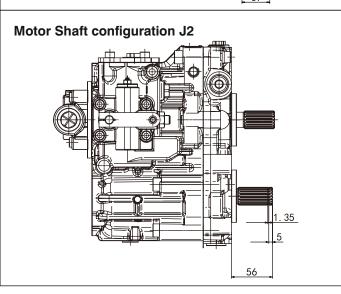
Pump Shaft configuration

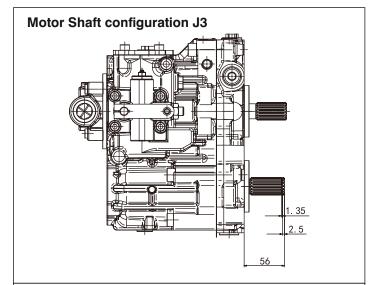


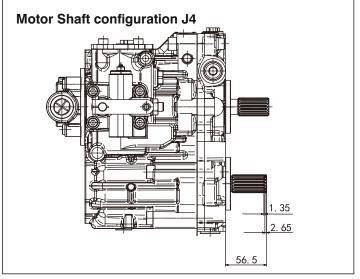


Motor Shaft configuration



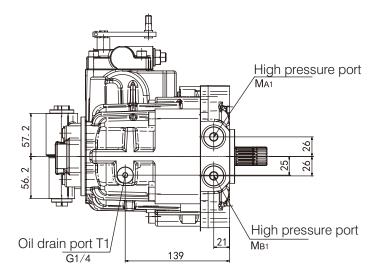


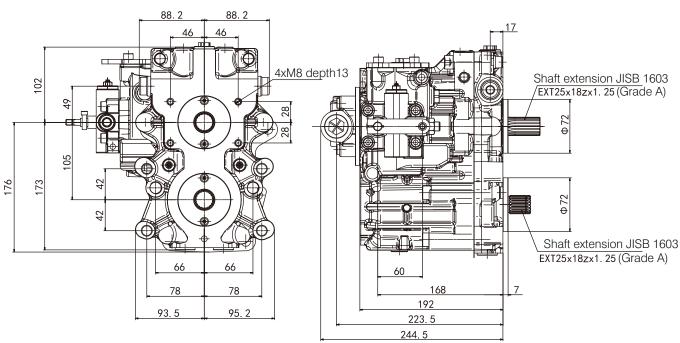


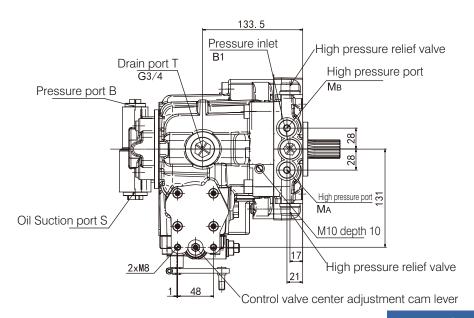




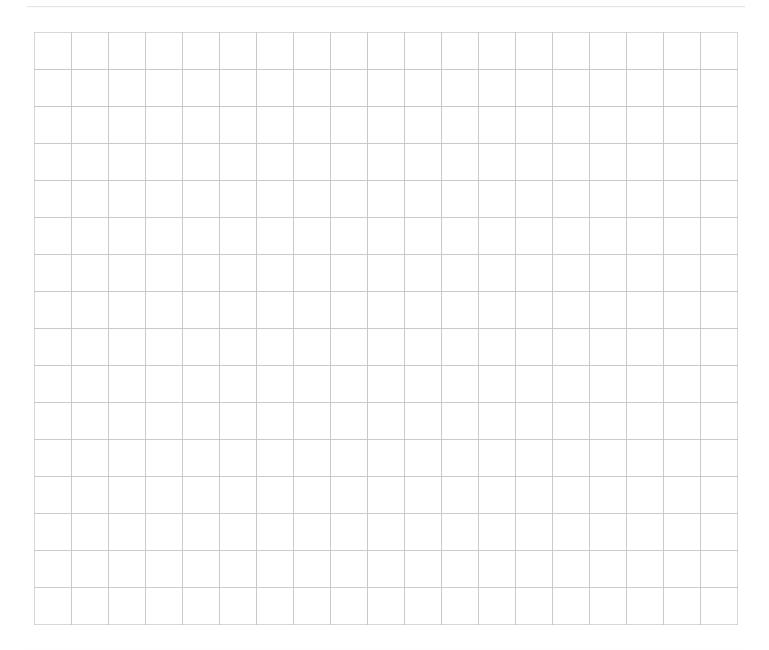
(Dimensions in mm)











The specified data is for product description purposes only and may not be deemed to be guaranteed unless expressly confirmed in the contract.



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