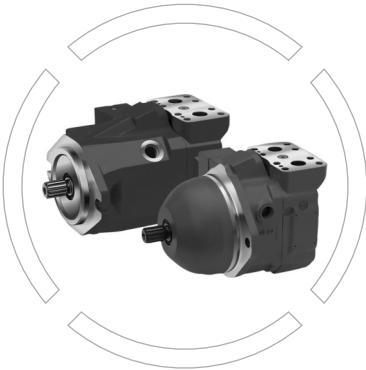


TS-A10VE & TS-A10VM

Axial piston variable motor TS-A10VM
Axial piston plug-in motor TS-A10VE
Series 52
Medium pressure motor with two-point control
Sizes 28 to 85
Nominal pressure 280 bar
Maximum pressure 350 bar
Open and closed circuit



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Features

- Variable displacement motor with well-tried A10-rotary unit technology
- Approved for high rotational speeds
- Long service life
- High power density
- Low noise
- Minimum swivel angle can be adjusted externally
- Swashplate design



Ordering code TS-A10VM

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
TS-A10V	M			/		W		-	V		C		

Axial piston unit

01	Swashplate design, variable, nominal pressure 280 bar, maximum pressure 350 bar	TS-A10V
----	---	----------------

Operating mode

02	Motor, open and closed circuit	M
----	--------------------------------	----------

Size (NG)

03	For geometric displacement, see table of values, page 9	28	45	63	85
----	---	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------

Control devices

					28	45	63	85	
04	Two-point control	direct operated, external control pressure supply without on/off valve			•	•	•	•	DG
		hydraulic	switching time orifice	without	•	•	•	•	HZ
				with	•	•	•	•	HZ6
		electric	switching time orifice	without	•	•	•	•	EZ1
		with switching solenoid		with	•	•	•	•	EZ6
		$U = 12\text{ V}$							
		$U = 24\text{ V}$	switching time orifice	without	•	•	•	•	EZ2
				with	•	•	•	•	EZ7

Series

		28 ... 85	
05	Series 5, index 2	•	52

Direction of rotation

		28 ... 85	
06	Viewed on drive shaft	Variable	•
			W

Minimum displacement

			28	45	63	85	
07	$V_{g\ min}$ [cm ³] steplessly adjustable ¹⁾	from/to	8/28	12/25	16/38	22/50	1
		from/to	–	26/45	40/62	48/85	2

Sealing material

		28 ... 85	
08	FKM (fluoroelastomer)	•	V

Drive shaft

			28	45	63	85	
09	Splined shaft similar to ISO 3019-1	for high torque	•	•	•	•	R
		for reduced torque	–	•	•	•	W

Mounting flange

		28 ... 85	
10	Based on ISO 3019-1 (SAE); 2 hole	•	C

• = Available ○ = On request – = Not available



Ordering code TS-A10VM

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
TS-A10V	M			/		W		-	V				

Working port

Working port				28	45	63	85	
11	Flange ports according to ISO 6162	A and B laterally, same side,	Metric fastening thread	●	●	●	●	10N00
		A and B ; at rear;	Metric fastening thread	–	●	–	–	11N00
	Threaded port according to DIN 3852-1	A and B laterally, same side,	Threaded port, metric	●	●	●	–	16N00
	Flange ports according to ISO 6162	A and B laterally, same side,	Fastening thread UNF	●	●	●	●	60N00
		A and B ; at rear;	Fastening thread UNF	–	●	–	–	61N00
	Threaded port according to ISO 11926	A and B laterally, same side,	Threaded port, UN	●	●	●	–	66N00

Valves

		28	45	63	85	
12	Without valve	•	•	•	•	0
	Integrated flushing valve (only with working line ports 10N00, 60N00 and 16N00, 66N00)	•	•	•	•	7

Speed sensing

		28	45	63	85	
13	Without speed sensing (without symbol)	•	•	•	•	

Connector for solenoids

		28	45	63	85	
14	Without connector (without solenoid, only for hydraulic control)	•	•	•	•	
	DEUTSCH - molded connector, 2-pin – without suppressor diode	•	•	•	•	P

- Available ○ = On request - = Not available



Ordering code TS-A10VE

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
TS-A10V	E			/	52	W	-	V		F			

Axial piston unit

01	Swashplate design, variable, nominal pressure 280 bar, maximum pressure 350 bar	A10V
----	---	-------------

Operating mode

02	Motor, plug-in design, open and closed circuits	E
----	---	----------

Size (NG)

03	For geometric displacement, see table of values, page 9	28	45	63
----	---	-----------	-----------	-----------

Control devices

					28	45	63	
04	Two-point control	direct operated, external control pressure supply without on/off valve			●	●	○	DG
		hydraulic	switching time orifice	without	●	●	●	HZ
				with	●	●	●	HZ6
		electric with switching solenoid	$U = 12\text{ V}$	switching time orifice without	●	●	●	EZ1
				with	●	●	●	EZ6
			$U = 24\text{ V}$	switching time orifice without	●	●	●	EZ2
				with	●	●	●	EZ7

Series

05	Series 5, index 2	●	52
----	-------------------	---	-----------

Direction of rotation

06	Viewed on drive shaft	Variable	●	W
----	-----------------------	----------	---	----------

Minimum displacement

			28	45	63	
07	$V_{g\text{ min}}$ [cm ³] steplessly adjustable ¹⁾	from/to	10/28	12/25	16/38	1
		from/to	–	26/45	40/62	2

Sealing material

08	FKM (fluoroelastomer)	●	V
----	-----------------------	---	----------

Drive shaft

			28	45	63	
09	Splined shaft similar to ISO 3019-1	for high torque	●	●	●	R
		for reduced torque	–	●	●	W

Mounting flange

10	Special flange; 2 hole	●	F
----	------------------------	---	----------

● = Available ○ = On request – = Not available



Ordering code TS-A10VE

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
TS-A10V	E			/	52	W	-	V	F				

Working port

				28	45	63	
11	Flange ports according to ISO 6162	A and B laterally, same side,	Metric fastening thread	●	●	●	10N00
		A and B ; at rear;	Metric fastening thread	-	●	-	11N00
	Threaded port according to DIN 3852-1	A and B laterally, same side,	Threaded port, metric	●	●	●	16N00
	Flange ports according to ISO 6162	A and B laterally, same side,	Fastening thread UNF	●	●	●	60N00
		A and B ; at rear;	Fastening thread UNF	-	●	-	61N00
	Threaded port according to ISO 11926	A and B laterally, same side,	Threaded port, UN	●	●	●	66N00

Valves

		28	45	63	
12	Without valve	●	●	●	0
	Integrated flushing valve (only with working line ports 10N00, 60N00 and 16N00, 66N00)	-	●	●	7

Speed sensing

		28	45	63	
13	Without speed sensing (without symbol)	●	●	●	
	Prepared for sensor DST or DSAx/20	●	●	-	W
	Sensor DSA 1 /20 mounted (1 = one frequency and direction of rotation signal)	●	●	-	C
	sensor DSA 2 /20 mounted (2 = two 90° phase-shifted frequency signals)	●	●	-	K
	DST sensor mounted	●	●	-	E

Connector for solenoids

		28	45	63	
14	Without connector (without solenoid, only for hydraulic control)	●	●	●	
	DEUTSCH - molded connector, 2-pin – without suppressor diode	●	●	●	P

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available



Hydraulic fluids

The variable displacement motor TS-A10VM/ TS-A10VE is designed for operation with HLP mineral oil according to DIN 51524.

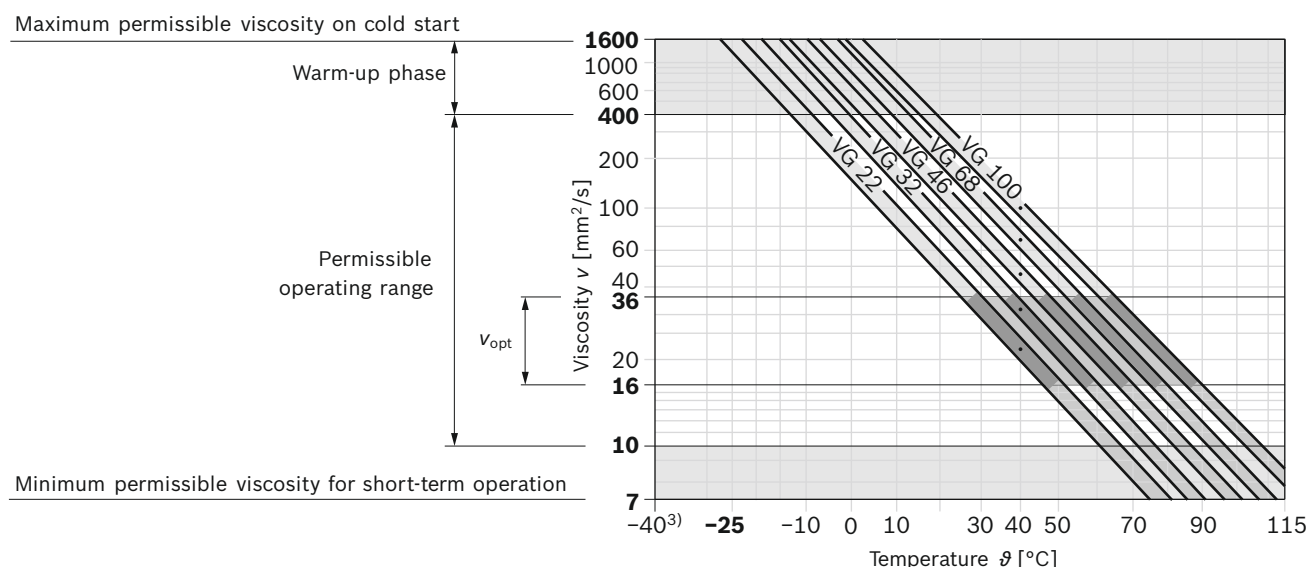
Selection of hydraulic fluid

The hydraulic fluid should be selected so that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (ν_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Temperature ²⁾	Remarks
Cold start	$\nu_{max} \leq 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	FKM	$\vartheta_{St} \geq -25^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, without load ($p \leq 30 \text{ bar}$), $n \leq 1000 \text{ rpm}$ Permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid in the system maximum 25 K
Warm-up phase	$\nu = 1600 \dots 400 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			$t \leq 15 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.7 \times p_{nom}$ and $n \leq 0.5 \times n_{nom}$
Permissible operating range	$\nu = 400 \dots 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}^{1)}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +110^\circ\text{C}$	Measured at port L_x
	$\nu_{opt} = 36 \dots 16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			Optimal operating viscosity and efficiency range
Short-term operation	$\nu_{min} = 10 \dots 7 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +110^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 1 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.3 \times p_{nom}$, measured at port L_x

Selection Diagram



¹⁾ This corresponds, for example on the VG 46, to a temperature range of $+4^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (see selection diagram)

²⁾ If the temperature at extreme operating parameters cannot be adhered to, please contact us.

³⁾ For applications in the low-temperature range, please contact us.

Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 under ISO 4406 should be maintained.

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than $10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ (e.g. due to high temperatures during short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 under ISO 4406 is required.

Examples of temperatures of hydraulic fluids at a viscosity of $10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$:

73°C at HLP 32

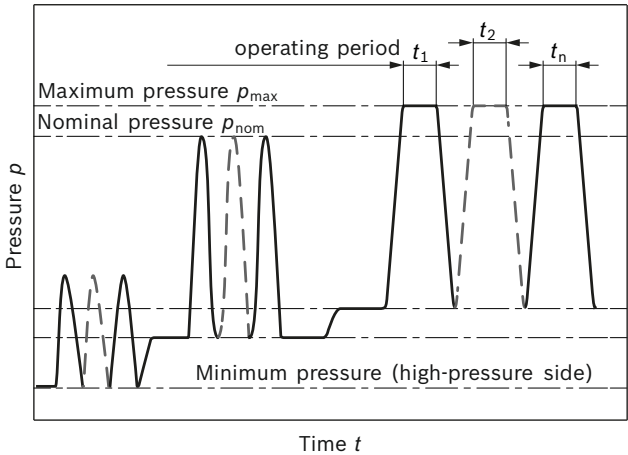
85°C at HLP 46



Working pressure range

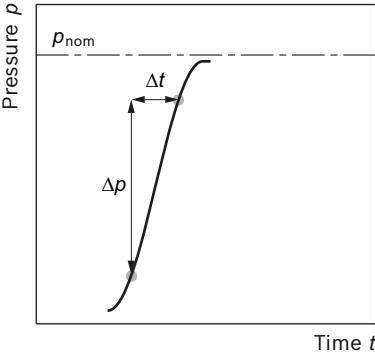
Pressure at working port A or B		Definition
Nominal pressure p_{nom}	280 bar	The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.
Maximum pressure p_{max}	350 bar	The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum working pressure within a single operating period. The sum of single operating periods must not exceed the total operating period.
Single operating period	2.5 ms	
Total operating period	300 h	
Minimum pressure p_{HD} absolute (high-pressure side)	10 bar	Minimum pressure on the high-pressure side (A or B) required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.
Rate of pressure change $R_{A\ max}$	16000 bar/s	Maximum permissible speed of pressure build-up and reduction during a pressure change across the entire pressure range.
Pressure at port A or B (low-pressure side)		
Minimum pressure $p_{ND\ min}$	2 bar absolute	Minimum pressure on the low-pressure side (A or B) required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit (see diagram, page 9).
Leakage pressure at port L, L ₁		
Max. static pressure $p_{L\ max}$	2 bar absolute	Maximum 0.5 bar higher than inlet pressure at port A or B , but not higher than $p_{L\ max}$. A drain line to the reservoir is required.

Pressure definition



Total operating period = $t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n$

Rate of pressure change $R_{A\ max}$



Flow direction

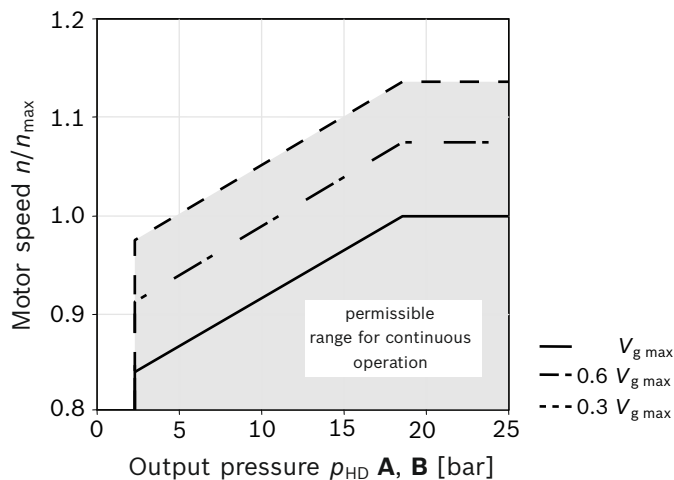
Direction of rotation viewed on drive shaft	clockwise	Counter-clockwise
	B to A	A to B



Technical data

Size		NG		28	45	63	85
Displacement geometric, per revolution		$V_{g \max}$	cm ³	28	45	62	87
		$V_{g \min}^*)$	cm ³	8(VM) 10 (VE)	12	16	22
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾²⁾	at $V_{g \max}$	n_{nom}	rpm	4700	4000	3300	3100
	at $V_{g \min}$	$n_{\text{max perm}}$	rpm	5400	4600	3900	3560
Minimum rotational speed continuous operation	at $V_{g \max}$	n_{\min}	rpm	250	250	250	250
Inlet flow	at n_{nom} and $V_{g \max}$	$q_{v \max}$	l/min	131.6	180	205	270
Torque	at $V_{g \max}$ and $p_N = 280$ bar	M_{max}	Nm	125	200	276	387
Actual starting torque, approx.	at $n = 0$ rpm and $p_N = 280$ bar	M	Nm	92	149	205	253
Rotary stiffness of drive shaft	R	c	Nm/rad	2600	41000	69400	152900
	W	c	Nm/rad	19800	34400	54000	117900
Moment of inertia of the rotary group		J_{TW}	kgm ²	0.0017	0.0033	0.0056	0,012
Maximum angular acceleration ³⁾		α	rad/s ²	5500	4000	3300	2700
Case volume		V	l	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0
Weight approx.		m	kg	14	18	26	34

Permissible motor speed depending on output pressure (low pressure)



Notice

- Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. THM recommends checking loads through tests or calculation/simulation and comparing them with the permissible values.
- **Setting of minimum displacement*):**
 The minimum displacement can be steplessly adjusted within the ranges (or screw length) of type code position 1 or 2.
 Please specify minimum displacement in plain text.

- The values are applicable:
 - for the optimum viscosity range from $\nu_{\text{opt}} = 36$ to $16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$
 - with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils
- The maximum rotational speed depends on the output pressure at the working port **A (B)** (see diagram).

- The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.



Technical data

Determination of the characteristics			
Flow	$q_v = \frac{V_g \times n}{1000 \times \eta_v}$		[l/min]
Torque	$M = \frac{1.59 \times V_g \times \Delta p \times \eta_{hm}}{100}$		[Nm]
Power	$P = \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{60000} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p \times \eta_t}{600}$		[kW]
Output speed	$n = \frac{q_v \times 1000 \times \eta_v}{V_g}$		[rpm]

Key

V_g = Displacement per revolution [cm³]

Δp = Differential pressure [bar]

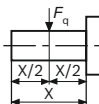
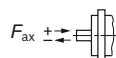
n = Rotational speed [rpm]

η_v = Volumetric efficiency

η_{hm} = Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency

η_t = Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \times \eta_{hm}$)

Permissible radial and axial loading on the drive shafts

Size	NG	28	45	63	85
Maximum radial force at X/2	 $F_{q \max}$ N	1200	1500	1700	2000
Maximum axial force	 $\pm F_{ax \max}$ N	1000	1500	2000	3000

Notice

- The specified values are maximum values and must not be exceeded in continuous operation. For radial and axial loading, please contact us.



DG – Two-point control, direct operated

The variable displacement motor is set to minimum swivel angle by connecting an external switching pressure to port **G** (**G₁**).

This will supply control fluid directly to the stroking piston; a minimum control pressure of $p_{st} \geq 40$ bar is required.

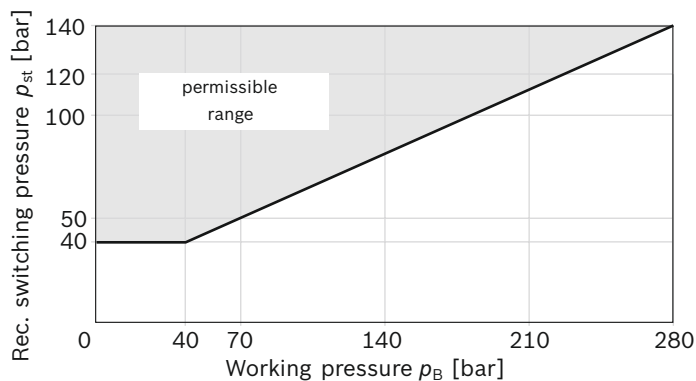
The variable displacement motor can only be switched between $V_{g \max}$ or $V_{g \min}$. $V_{g \min}$ Please specify the pre-setting in plain text.

Please note that the required switching pressure at port **G** (**G₁**) is directly dependent on the actual working pressure p_B in port **A** or **B**. (See switching pressure characteristic curve).

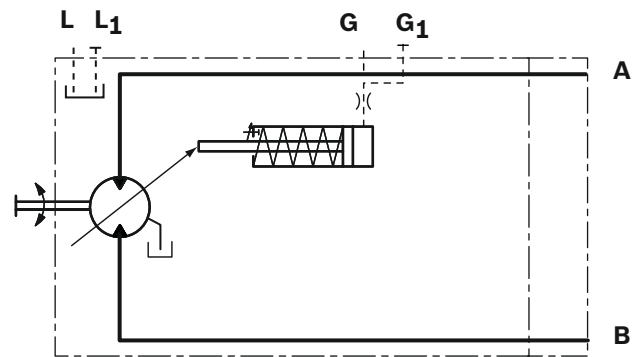
The maximum permissible switching pressure is 280 bar.

- Switching pressure p_{st} in **G** (**G₁**) = 0 bar $\triangleq V_{g \max}$
- Switching pressure p_{st} in **G** (**G₁**) ≥ 40 bar $\triangleq V_{g \min}$

Switching pressure characteristic curve



Circuit diagram





HZ/HZ6 – Two-point control, hydraulic

The variable motor is set to minimum swivel angle by connecting the pilot pressure p_X to port **X** ($p_X \geq 30$ bar). This supplies the stroking piston with control pressure via the on/off valve.

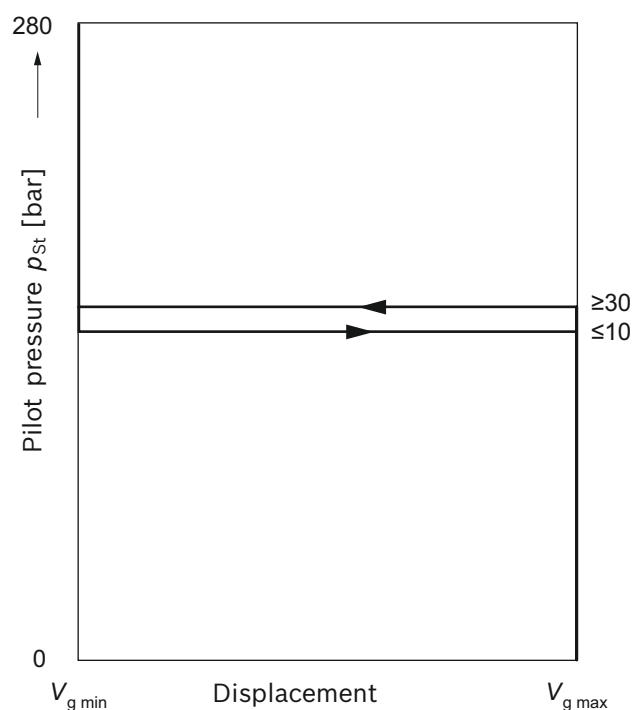
The control pressure is taken internally from the relevant high-pressure side; a minimum working pressure difference of $\Delta p_{A,B} \geq 30$ bar is required.

The motor can only be switched between $V_{g \max}$ oder $V_{g \min}$.
 $V_{g \min}$ - pre-setting for order please state in plain text.

Pilot pressure $p_X \leq 10$ bar $\triangleq V_{g \max}$

Pilot pressure $p_X \geq 30$ bar $\triangleq V_{g \min}$

HZ/HZ6 characteristic curve



HZ/HZ6 characteristics

Minimum pilot pressure	30 bar
Maximum permissible pilot pressure	280 bar

Version HZ6 with orifice for the switching time extension

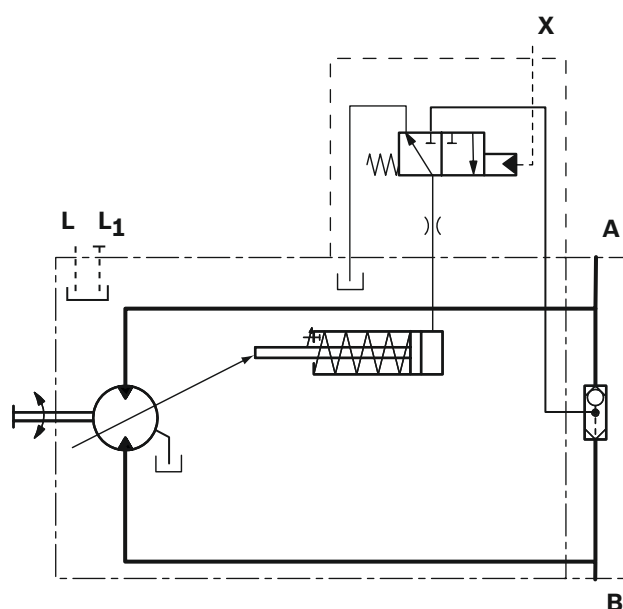
The switching process is delayed by an orifice.

This allows for damped switching.

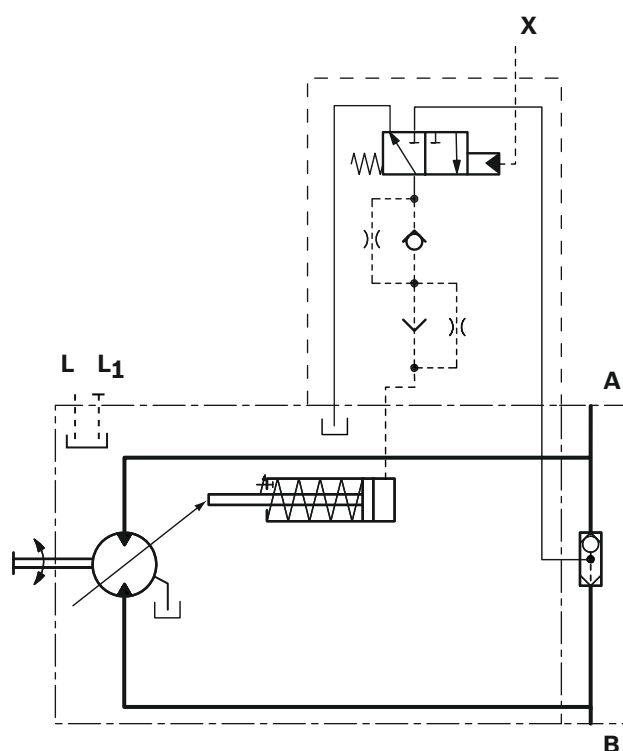
Standard orifice diameter is 0.25 mm.

Other orifice diameters upon request.

HZ circuit diagram



HZ6 circuit diagram





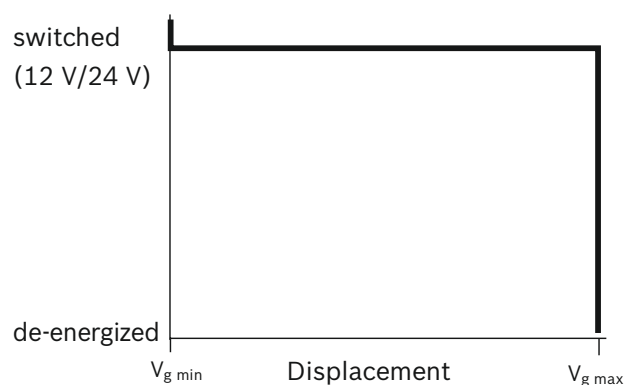
EZ1, EZ2, EZ6, EZ7 – Two-point control, electric

The variable displacement motor is set to minimum swivel angle by actuating the switching solenoid. This supplies the stroking piston with control pressure via the on/off valve.

The control pressure is taken internally from the relevant high-pressure side; a minimum working pressure difference of $\Delta p_{A,B} \geq 30 \text{ bar}$ is required.

The motor can only be switched between $V_{g \text{ max}}$ oder $V_{g \text{ min}}$.
 $V_{g \text{ min}}$ - pre-setting for order please state in plain text.

EZx characteristic curve



De-energized $\triangleq V_{g \text{ max}}$

Energized $\triangleq V_{g \text{ min}}$

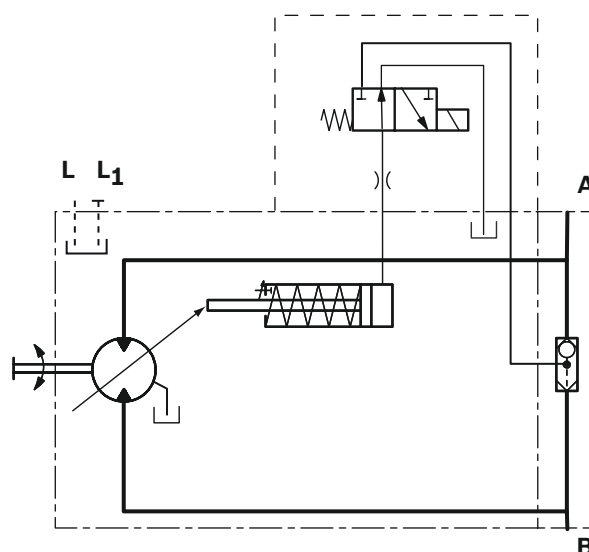
Solenoid technical data	EZ1/EZ6	EZ2/EZ7
Nominal voltage	12V DC $\pm 15\%$	24V DC $\pm 15\%$
Nominal current at 20 °C	1.5 A	0.8 A
Duty cycle	100%	100%
Type of protection of device connector	see connector for solenoids on page 37	
Ambient temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C	
Hydraulic fluid temperature	-20 °C to +100 °C	
Viscosity range in continuous operation	10 mm ² /s to 420mm ² /s ¹⁾	

Please contact us if the temperature and viscosity ranges cannot be complied with.

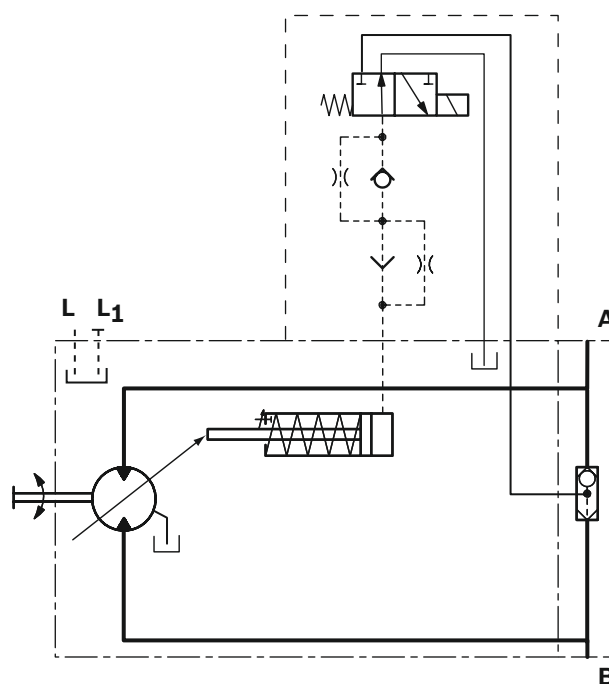
EZ6/EZ7 version with orifice for switching time extension

The switching process is delayed by an orifice. This allows for damped switching. Standard orifice diameter is 0.25 mm. Other orifice diameters upon request.

EZ1/EZ2 circuit diagram



EZ6/EZ7 circuit diagram



¹⁾ In the range between 420 mm²/s and 1600 mm²/s only limited function

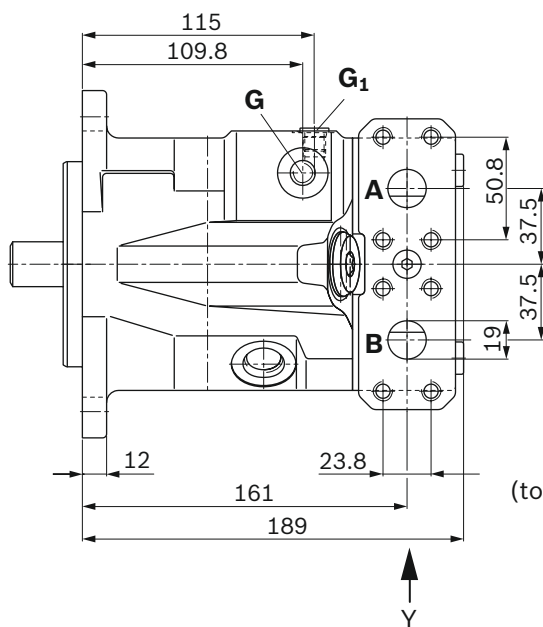
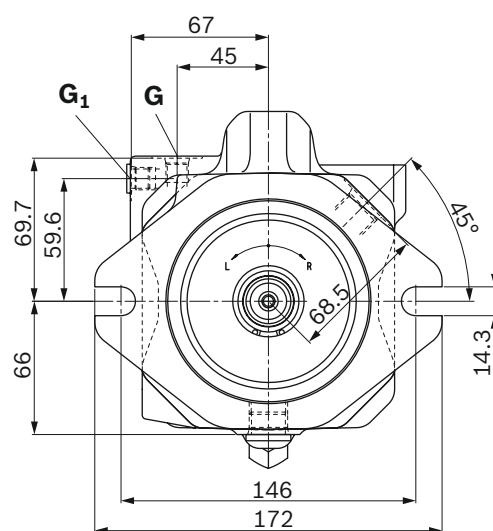
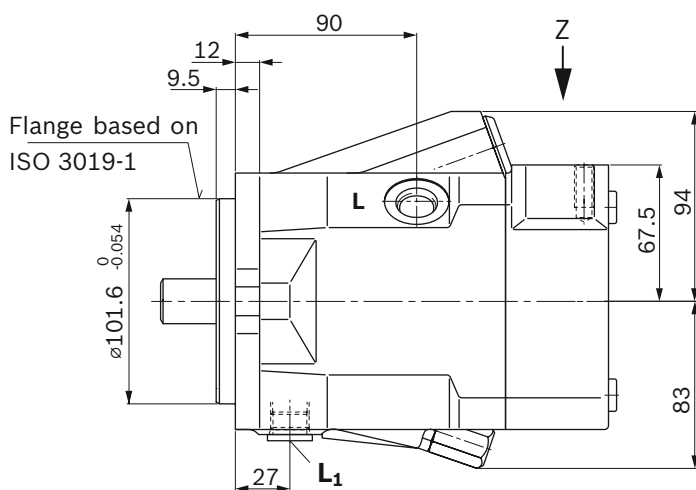


TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 28

DG – Two-point control, direct operated

Port plate 10 (60) and 16 (66) N000

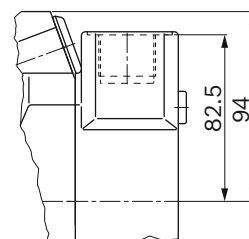
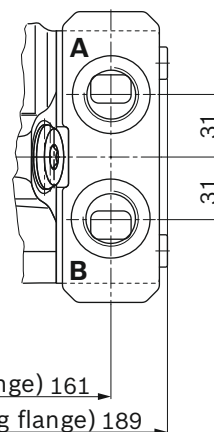
Port plate 10 (60)



Port plate 16 (66)

Detail Z

Detail Y



(to mounting flange) 161

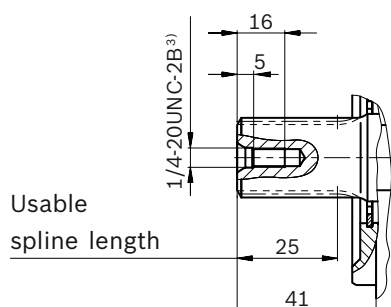
(to mounting flange) 189



TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 28

Splined shaft 7/8 in (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 13T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	3/4 in M10 × 1.5; 17 deep	350	O
Port plate 60					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	3/4 in 3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep	350	O
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11926	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 15 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 15 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (see also installation instructions).

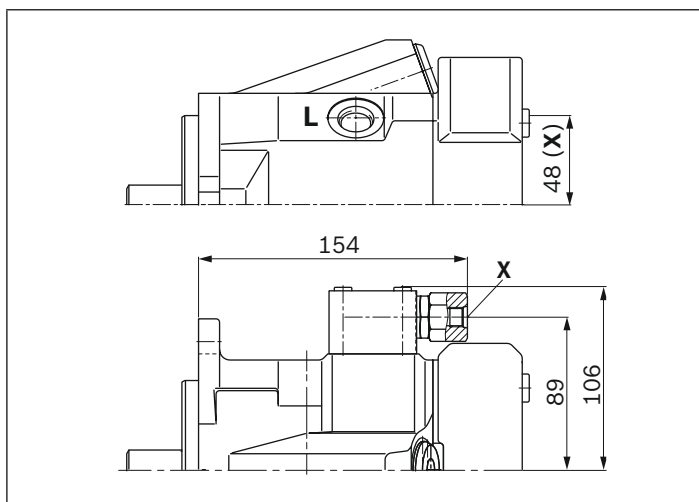
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

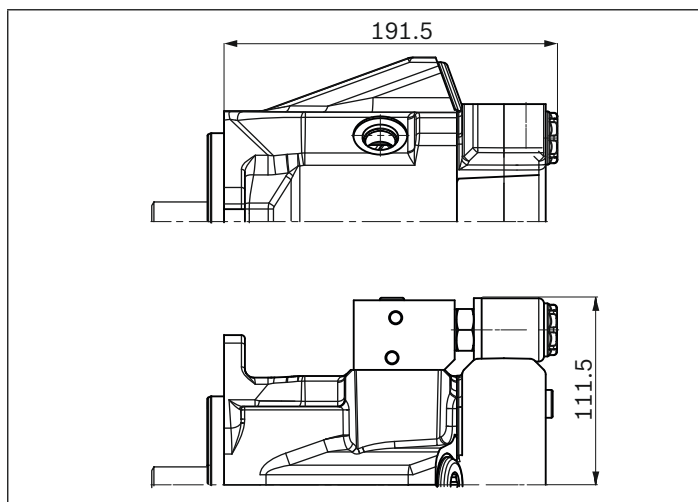


TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 28

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, hydraulic



EZx – Two-point control, electric

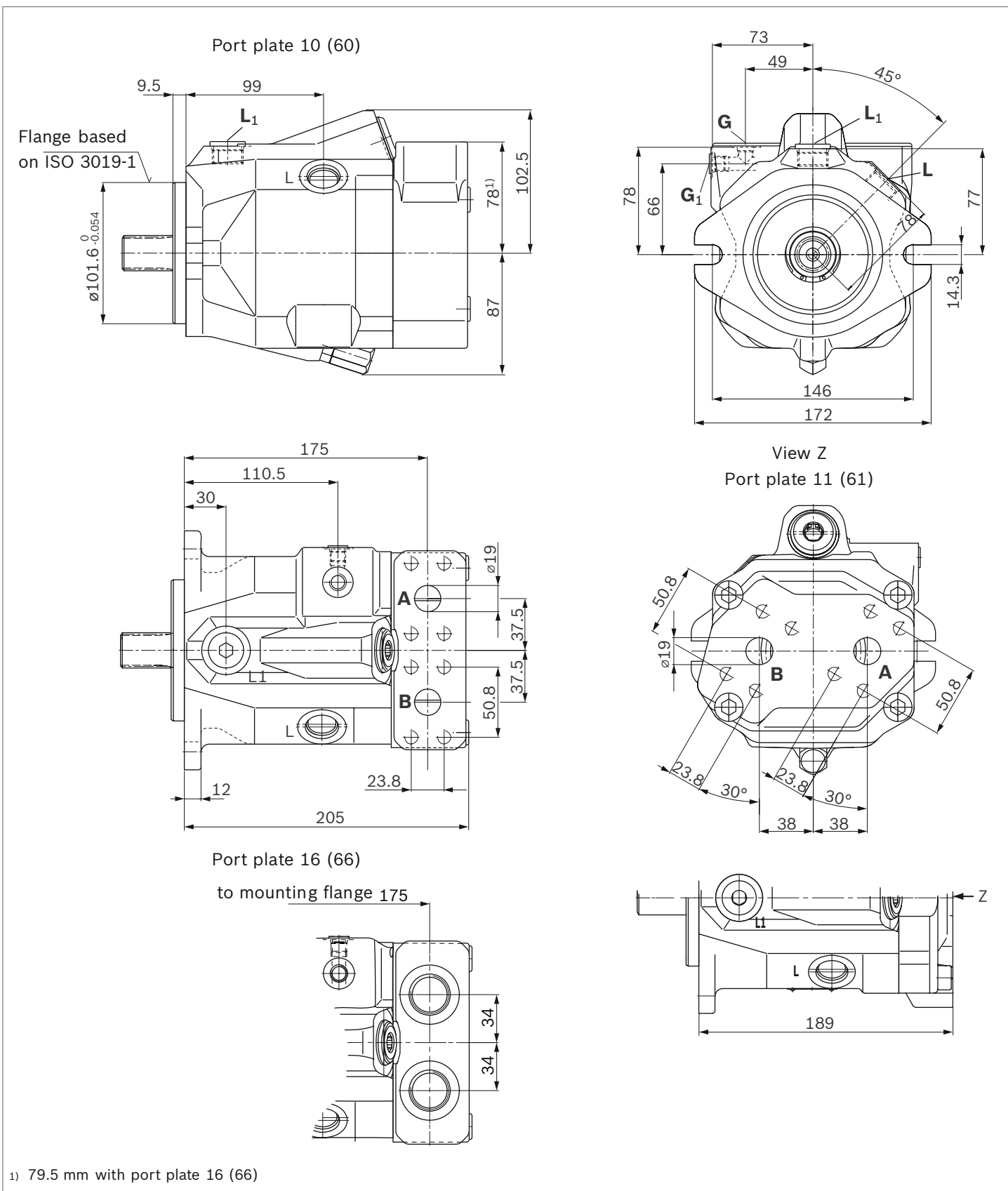




TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 45

DG – Two-point control, direct operated

Port plate 10 (60), 16 (66) and 11 (61) N000

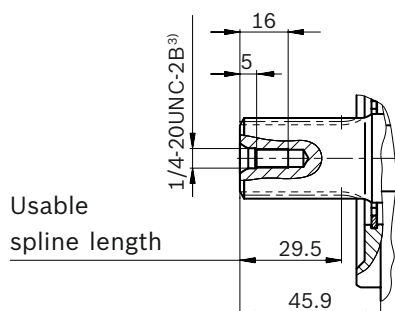




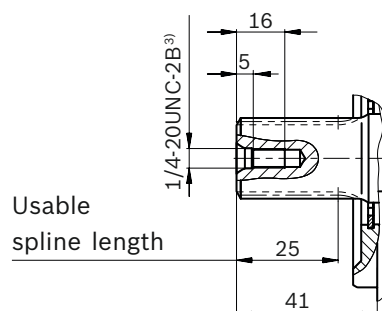
TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 45

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 1 in 15T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



W – 7/8 in 13T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10; 11					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	3/4 in M10 × 1.5; 17 deep	350	O
Port plate 60; 61					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	3/4 in 3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep	350	O
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11026	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G ₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, L or L₁ must be connected (see also installation instructions)

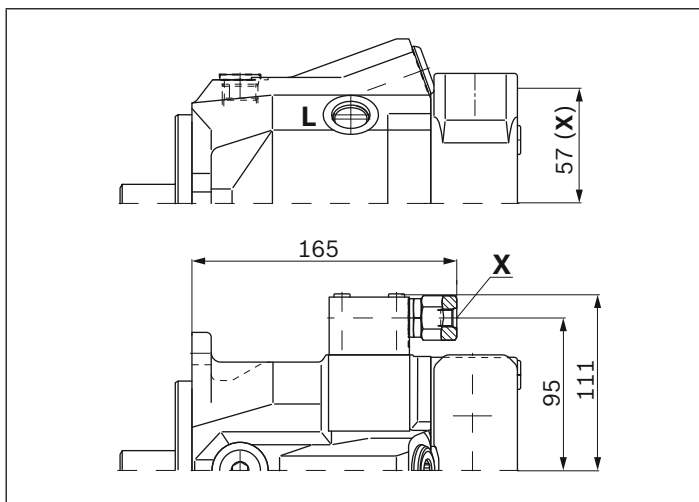
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

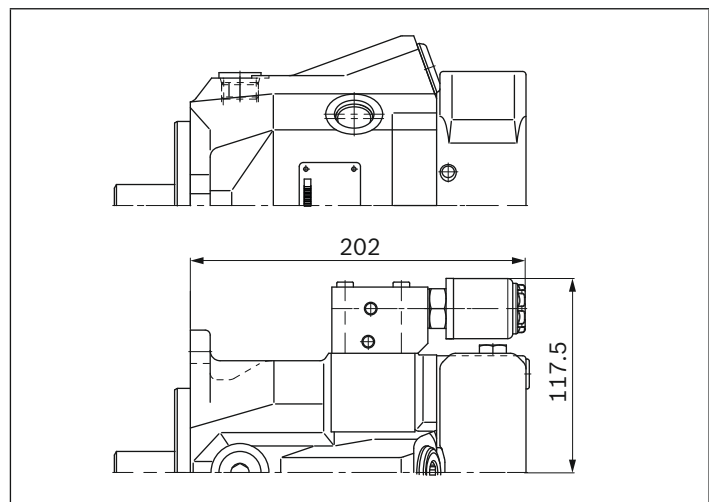


TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 45

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, hydraulic



EZx – two-point control, electric, port plate 16 (66)



Port plate 10 (60) and 16 (66)N000

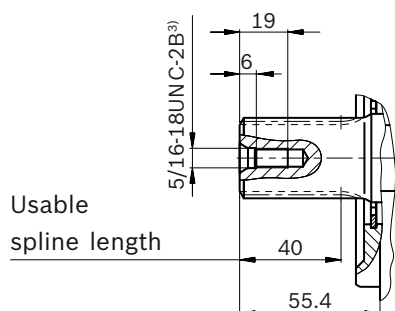




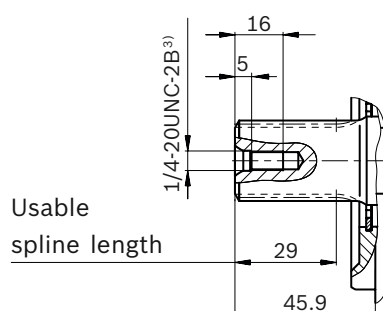
TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 63

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP¹⁾²⁾



W – 1 in 15T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	3/4 in M10 × 1.5; 17 deep	350	O
Port plate 60					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	3/4 in 3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep	350	O
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11926	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (see also installation instructions)

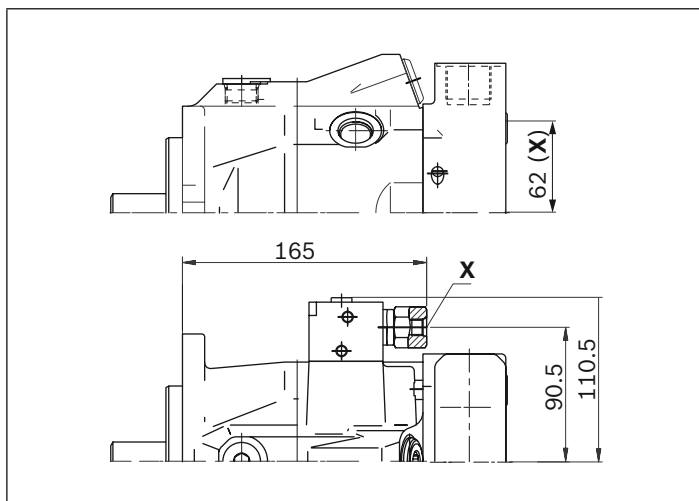
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

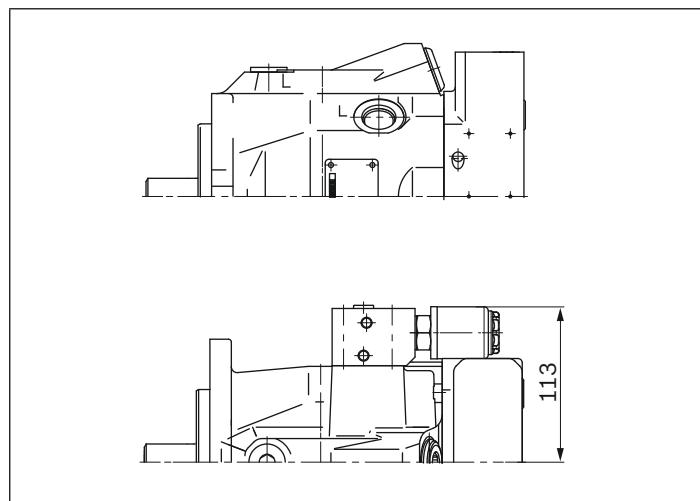


TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 63

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, hydraulic



EZx – Two-point control, electric



DG – Two-point control, direct operated

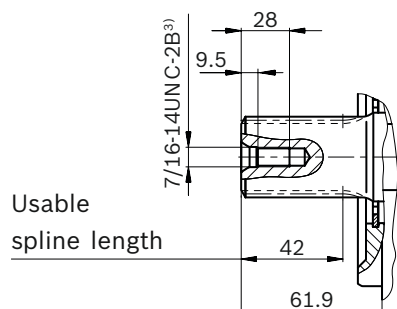
[illegible]



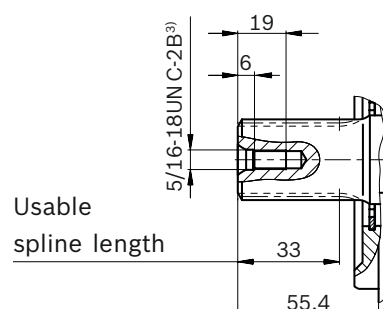
TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 85

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP¹⁾²⁾



W – 1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	1 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 17 deep		
Port plate 60					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	1 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	7/16-14UNC-2B; 22 deep		
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12UNF-2B; 20 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12UNF-2B; 20 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 10 deep	350	O

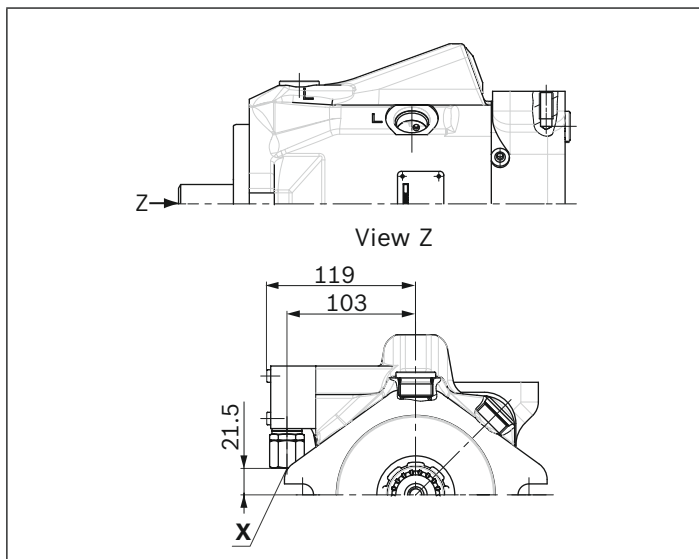
1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (see also installation instructions)
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)

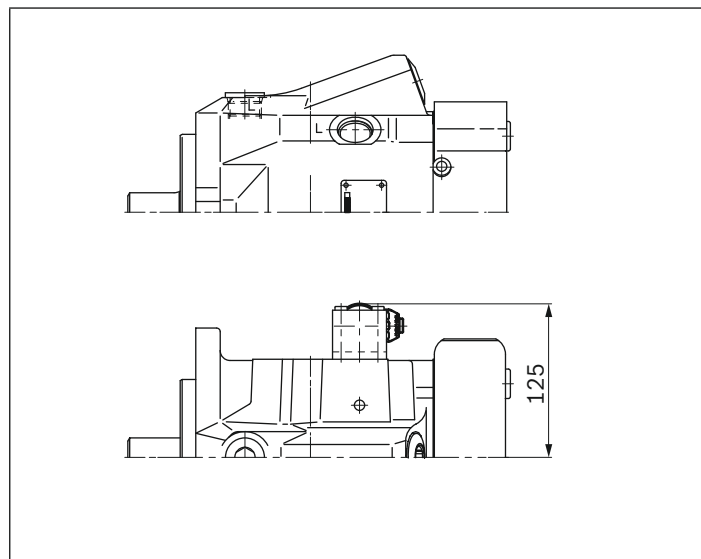


TS-A10VM – Dimensions, size 85

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, hydraulic



EZx – Two-point control, electric

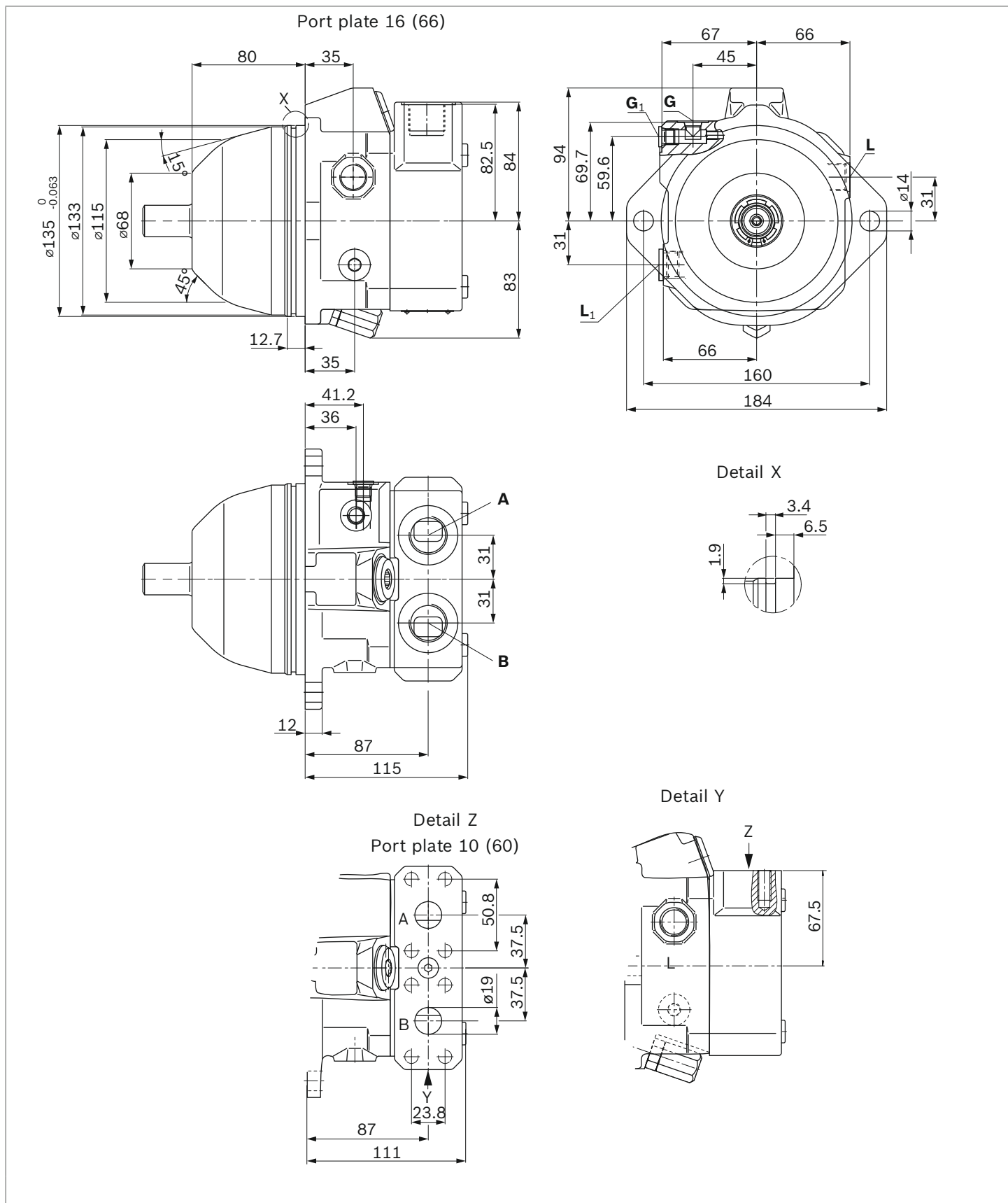




TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 28

DG – Two-point control, direct operated

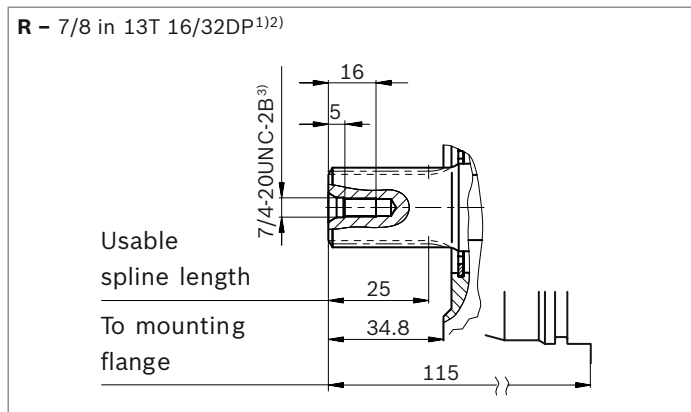
Port plate 10 (60) and 16 (66)N000





TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 28

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	3/4 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M10 × 1.5; 17 deep		
Port plate 60					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	3/4 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep		
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11926	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 15 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 15 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

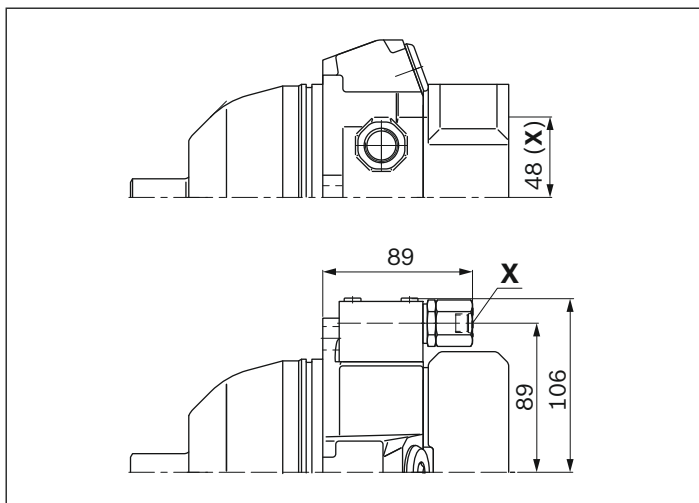
6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (see also installation instructions)

7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

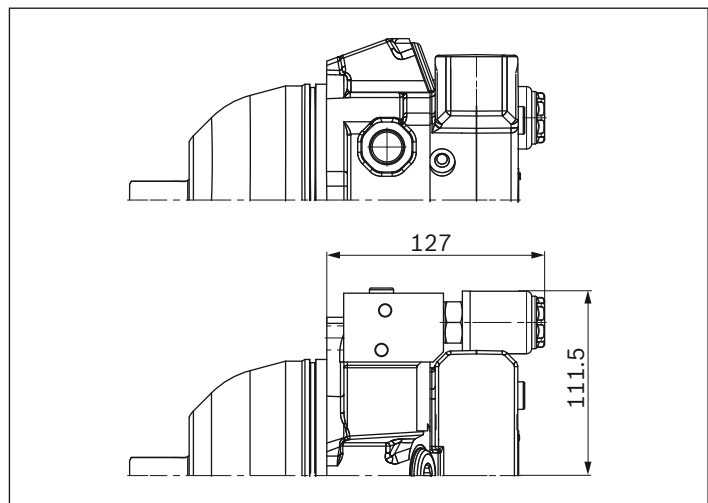


TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 28

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, electric

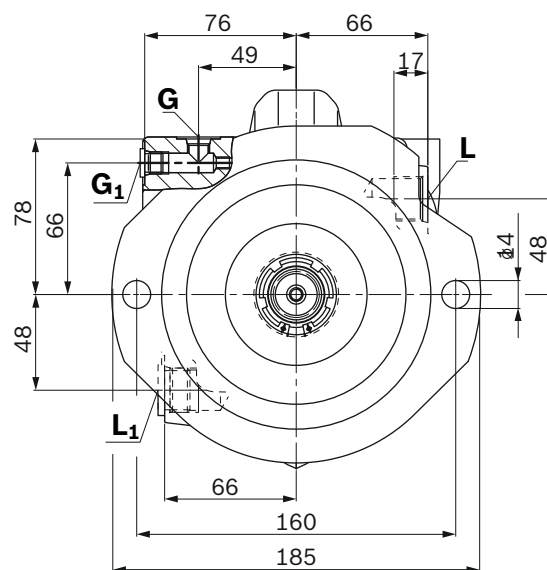


EZx – Two-point control, electric



DG – Two-point control, direct operated

Port plate 10 (60), 11 (61) and 16 (66)N000



Technical drawing of a mechanical part, likely a valve or pump head, showing a top view and a side view. The top view is a square with rounded corners, featuring a central circular area with eight smaller circles around it. Dimensions include 50.8, 19, 23.8, 30°, 38, and 19. The side view shows a vertical section with a central hole and a flange. Labels A and B indicate specific features.

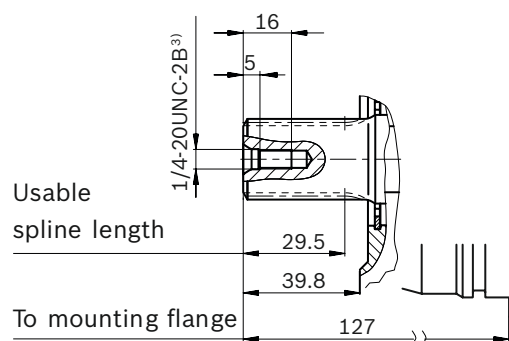
Technical drawing of Detail Z, showing a side view and a front view. The side view shows a vertical assembly with a central cylindrical component. The front view shows two circular features labeled A and B, with dimensions 93.7, 123.7, and 34.



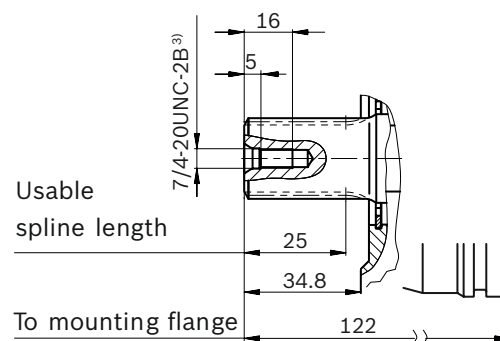
TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 45

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 1 in 15T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



W – 7/8 in 13T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10; 11					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	3/4 in M10 × 1.5; 17 deep	350	O
Port plate 60; 61					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	3/4 in 3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep	350	O
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11926	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
G	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O
G₁	External control pressure (with DG control)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	X
X	Pilot pressure (with HZ control)	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

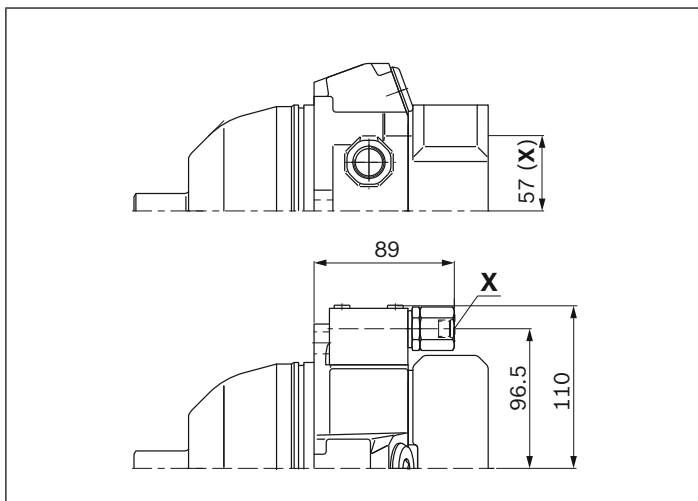
1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (see also installation instructions)
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)

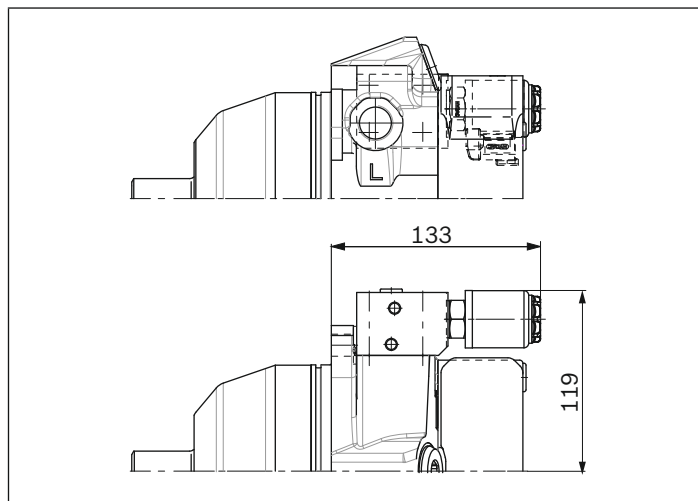


TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 45

HZ, HZ6 – Two-point control, electric



EZx – Two-point control, electric



Port plate 10 (60) and 16 (66)N000

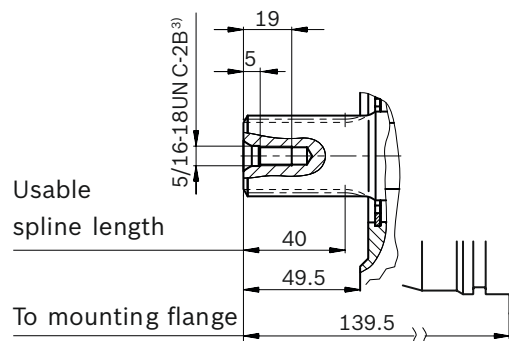




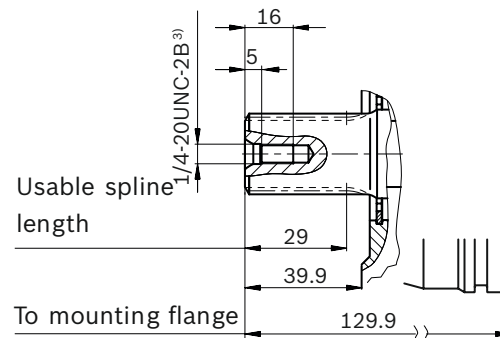
TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 63

Splined shaft (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP¹⁾²⁾



W – 1 in 15T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾



Port plate ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
Port plate 10					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	3/4 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M10 × 1.5; 17 deep		
Port plate 60					
A, B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	3/4 in	350	O
	Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	3/8-16UNC-2B; 21 deep		
Port plate 16					
A, B	Working port	DIN 3852-1	M27 × 2; 16 deep	350	O
Port plate 66					
A, B	Working port	ISO 11926	1 1/16-12UN-2B; 20 deep	350	O
Other ports					
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	O ⁶⁾
L ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	4	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Spline runout is a deviation from the ISO 3019-1 standard.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, L or L₁ must be connected (see also installation instructions)

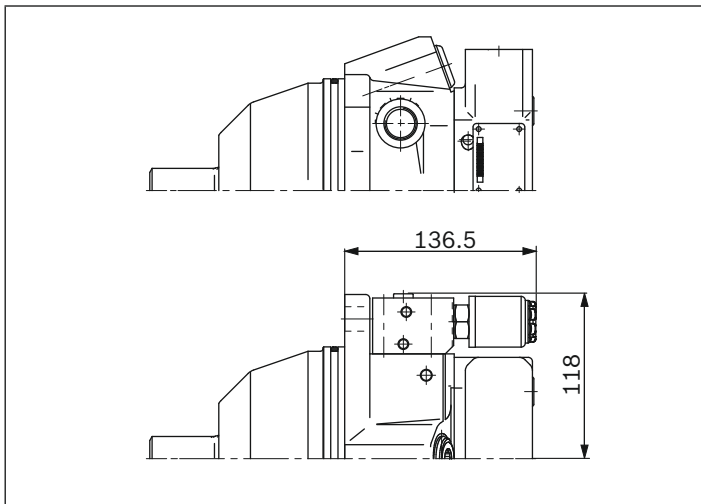
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)



TS-A10VE – Dimensions, size 63

EZx – Two-point control, electric





Flushing and boost-pressure valve

Order option ...N007

The flushing and boost-pressure valve is used in a closed circuit to prevent increased heat and to protect the minimum boost pressure (set to 16 bar). The valve is integrated in the port plate.

A quantity of hydraulic fluid determined by an orifice is taken from the respective low-pressure side and discharged into the motor housing. Together with the leakage, it is discharged to the reservoir via the drain port. The hydraulic fluid removed from the circuit must be replaced by the boost pump with cooled hydraulic fluid.

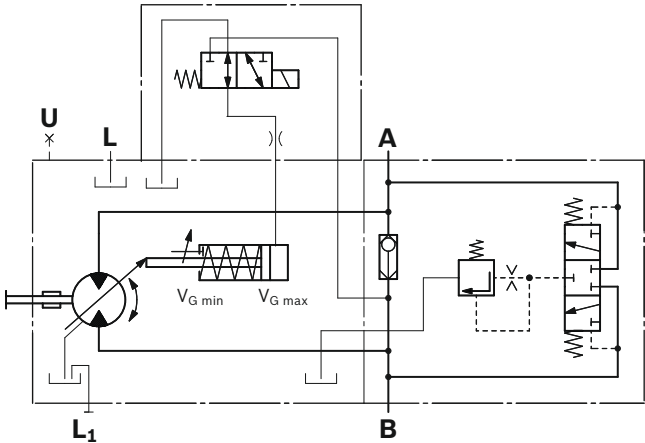
Standard flushing flows

At low pressure $p_{ND} = 20$ bar and orifice of $\varnothing 1.6$ mm, the standard flushing quantity is 5.5 l/min (sizes 28 - 85). Please specify other orifice diameters in plain text.

Other flushing flows:

Orifice diameter [mm]	Flushing flow [l/min]
1.2	3.5
1.6	5.5
1.8	7.2

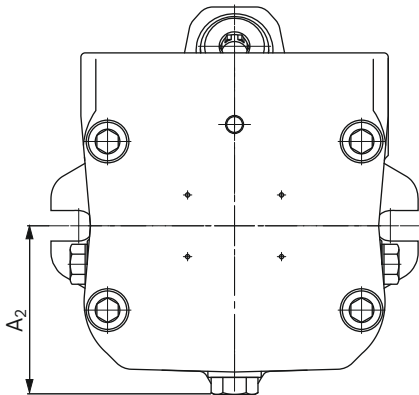
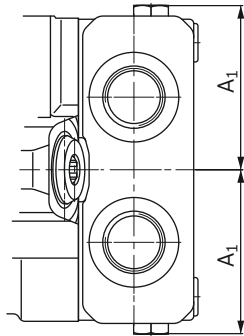
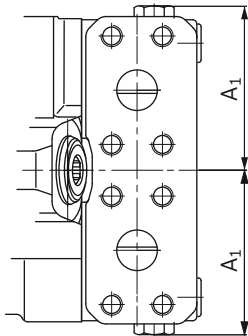
Circuit diagram



Dimensions TS-A10VM and TS-A10VE

Port plate 10 (60)

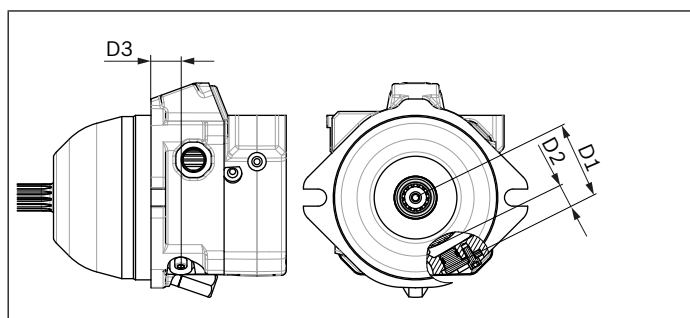
Port plate 16 (66)



Size	A ₁	A ₂
28	72	72
45	77	77
63	77	82
85	–	–

The version TS-A10VE...W is prepared for the installation of a speed sensor DST or DSA1/20 and DSA2/20 and is equipped with a spline on the rotary group.

Dimension A10VE prepared for speed sensor

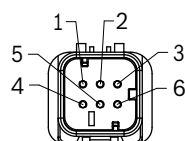
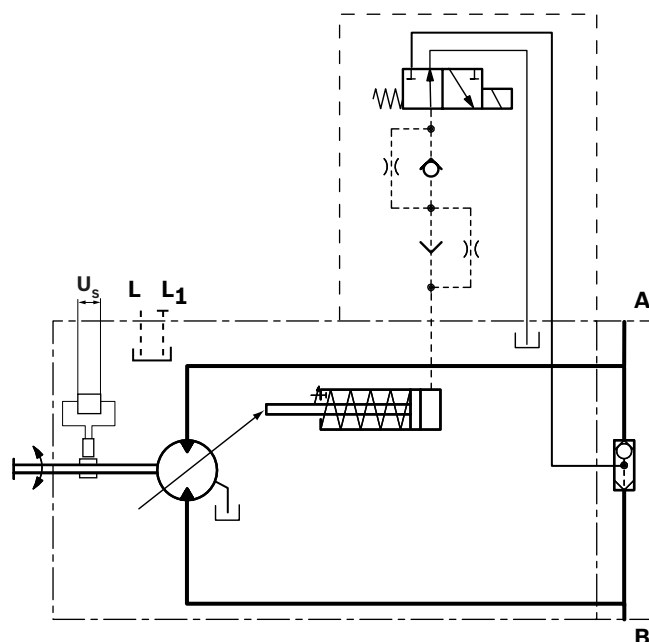
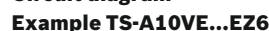


TS-A10VE				
Size		28	45	63
D1	mm	63	68.5	—
D2	mm	20.1	19.5	—
D3	mm	24.5	44.7	—

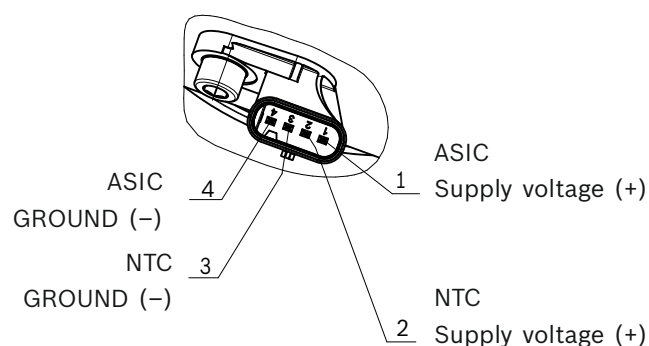
Type code, technical data, dimensions and information on the connector, plus safety instructions about the sensor can be found in the relevant data sheet 95131 (DST) or 95126 (DSAx/20).

- ▶ Painting the sensor with electrostatic charge is not permitted (danger: ESD damage)

- ▶ Contact discharge (probe touches the sensor) ± 8 kV
(sensor operated actively and passively)
- ▶ Air discharge (arc between probe and sensor) ± 15 kV
(sensor operated actively and passively)



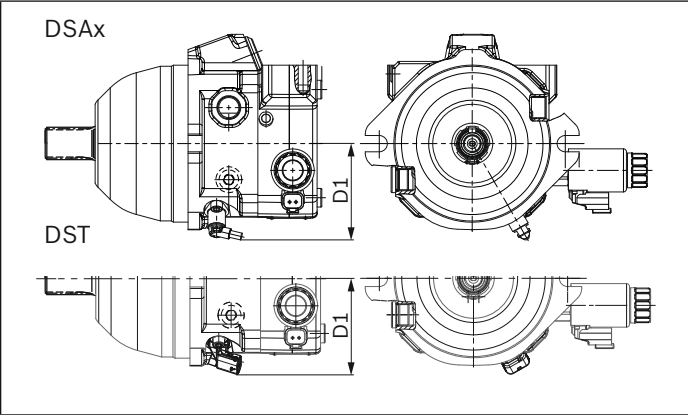
- 1 Supply voltage
- 2 Ground
- 3 S1 frequency
- 4 Direction of rotation
- 5 Temperature sensor
- 6 Temperature sensor





Speed sensing

Dimension TS-A10VE with speed sensor DSAx and DST



TS-A10VE				
Size		28	45	63
D1 / DSAx	mm	82.8	89.2	–
(Code C, K)				
D1 / DST	mm	81.3	87.2	–
(Code E)				

Notice
For dimensions with mating connector, please contact us.

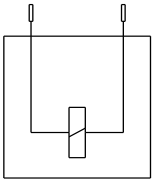
Connector for solenoids

DEUTSCH DT04-2P-EP04

Molded, 2-pin, without bidirectional suppressor diode.
There is the following type of protection with the mounted mating connector:

- ▶ IP67 (DIN/EN 60529) and
- ▶ IP69K (DIN 40050-9)

Switching symbol



Mating connector DEUTSCH DT06-2S-EP04

Consisting of	DT designation
1 housing	DT06-2S-EP04
1 wedge	W2S
2 sockets	0462-201-16141

The mating connector is not included in the scope of delivery.
This can be supplied by THM on request.

Notice

- ▶ If necessary, you can change the position of the connector by turning the solenoid body.
The procedure is defined in the instruction manual.
- ▶ Only the dead weight (<1 N) of the connection cable with a length of 150 mm may act on the plug-in connection and the solenoid coil with coil nut.
Other forces and vibrations are not permissible.
For example, this can be realized by suspension of the cable at the same vibration system.



Installation instructions for TS-A10VM

General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation. This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines. Please contact us regarding the installation position "drive shaft at top or bottom".

The leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest positioned drain port (**L**, **L₁**). If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure in each unit is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating condition, particularly at cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid, if necessary.

To prevent the transmission of structure-borne noise, use elastic elements to decouple all connecting lines from all vibration-capable components (e.g., reservoir, frame parts).

Under all operating conditions, the drain line must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

When designing the reservoir, ensure that there is adequate distance between the suction line and the drain line. We recommend using a baffle (baffle plate) between suction line and drain line. A baffle improves the air separation ability as it gives the hydraulic fluid more time for desorption. Apart from that, this prevents the heated return flow from being drawn directly back into the suction line. The suction port must be supplied with air-free, calmed and cooled hydraulic fluid.

Notice

In certain installation positions, an influence on the adjustment or control can be expected. Gravity, dead weight and case pressure can cause minor characteristic shifts and changes in actuating time.

Installation position

See the following examples **1** to **8**.

Further installation positions are available upon request.

Recommended installation position: **1, 3, 5** and **7**

Key	
F	Filling / Air bleeding
L, L₁	Drain port
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)
$h_{t\ min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)
h_{min}	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (100 mm)

Notice

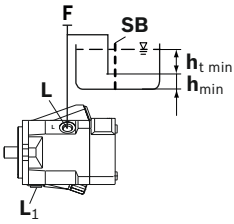
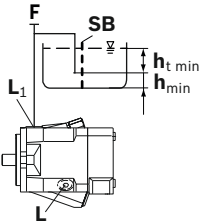
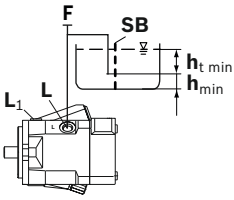
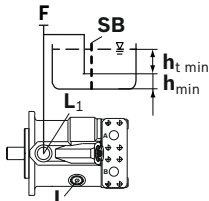
Port **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to make filling and air bleeding easier.



Installation instructions for TS-A10VM

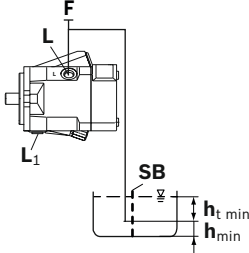
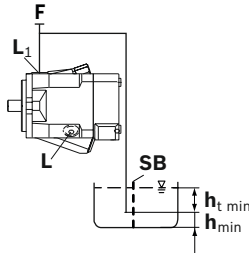
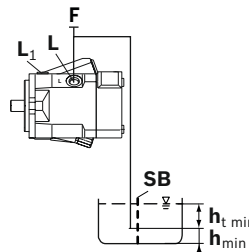
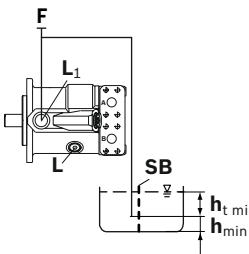
Below-reservoir installation (standard)

Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position A10VM, NG 28		Air bleed	Filling
1		F, L	F, L
2		F, L1	F, L1
Installation position A10VM, NG 45 to 85		Air bleed	Filling
3		F, L	F, L
4		F, L1	F, L1

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.

Installation position NG 28		Air bleed	Filling
5		F, L	F, L
6		F, L1	F, L1
Installation position NG 45 to 85		Air bleed	Filling
7		F, L	F, L
8		F, L1	F, L1



Installation instructions for TS-A10VE

General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation.

This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines.

Please contact us regarding the installation position "drive shaft at top or bottom".

The leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest available drain port (**L**). If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid.

If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure in each unit is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating condition, particularly at cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid, if necessary.

To prevent the transmission of structure-borne noise, use elastic elements to decouple all connecting lines from all vibration-capable components (e.g., reservoir, frame parts).

Under all operating conditions, the drain line must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

When designing the reservoir, ensure that there is adequate distance between the suction line and the drain line. We recommend using a baffle (baffle plate) between suction line and drain line. A baffle improves the air separation ability as it gives the hydraulic fluid more time for desorption. Apart from that, this prevents the heated return flow from being drawn directly back into the suction line. The suction port must be supplied with air-free, calmed and cooled hydraulic fluid.

Notice

In certain installation positions, an influence on the adjustment or control can be expected. Gravity, dead weight and case pressure can cause minor characteristic shifts and changes in actuating time.

Installation position

See the following examples **1** to **8**.

Further installation positions are available upon request.

Recommended installation position: **2** and **4**

Key	
F	Filling / Air bleeding
L, L₁	Drain port
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)
$h_{t\ min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)
h_{min}	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (100 mm)

Notice

Port **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to make filling and air bleeding easier.



Installation instructions for TS-A10VE

Below-reservoir installation (standard)

Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position NG 18 to 28		Air bleed	Filling
1		L ₁ (F)	L ₁ (F)
2		L (F)	L (F)
Installation position NG 37 to 45		Air bleed	Filling
3		L (F)	L (F)
4		L (F)	L (F)

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.

Installation position NG 18 to 28		Air bleed	Filling
5		L ₁ (F)	L ₁ (F)
6		L (F)	L (F)
Installation position NG 37 to 45		Air bleed	Filling
7		L (F)	L (F)
8		L (F)	L (F)

For key, see page 40.



Project planning notes

- ▶ The axial piston variable motor, TS-A10VM and TS-A10VE, is intended to be used in open and closed circuits.
- ▶ Project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston units requires the involvement of skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, this can be requested from THM.
- ▶ Before finalizing your design, please request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified data and notes contained herein must be observed.
- ▶ Depending on the operating conditions of the axial piston unit (working pressure, fluid temperature), the characteristic curve may shift.
- ▶ The characteristic curve may also shift due to the dither frequency or control electronics.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservation protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservation protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation periods apply under optimal storage conditions.
- ▶ Not all versions of the product are approved for use in safety functions according to ISO 13849. Please consult the proper contact at THM if you require reliability parameters (e.g., MTTF_d) for functional safety.
- ▶ Depending on the type of control used, electromagnetic effects can be produced when using solenoids. Use of the recommended direct current (DC) on the electromagnet does not produce any electromagnetic interference (EMI) nor is the electromagnet influenced by EMI. A possible electromagnetic interference (EMI) exists if the solenoid is supplied with modulated direct current (e.g. PWM signal). The machine manufacturer should conduct appropriate tests and take appropriate measures to ensure that other components or operators (e.g. with a pacemaker) are not affected by this potentiality.
- ▶ A pressure relief must be provided in the hydraulic system. In this connection, observe the technical limits of the pressure relief valve.
- ▶ For drives that are operated for a long period of time with constant rotational speed, the natural frequency of the hydraulic system can be stimulated by the excitation frequency of the pump (rotational speed frequency x 9). This can be prevented with suitably designed hydraulic lines.
- ▶ Please note the details regarding the tightening torques of port threads and other threaded joints in the instruction manual.
- ▶ The ports and fastening threads are designed for the p_{\max} permissible pressures of the respective ports, see the connection tables. The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified application conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
- ▶ The service ports and function ports are only intended to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Safety Instructions

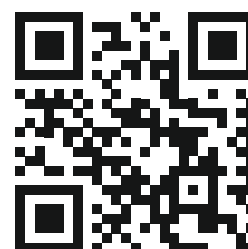
- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of burning on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take the appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- ▶ Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances, get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components). As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk. The machine/system manufacturer must test whether remedial measures are needed on the machine for the application concerned in order to bring the driven consumer into a safe position (e.g., safe stop) and ensure any measures are properly implemented.

The specified data is for product description purposes only and may not be deemed to be guaranteed unless expressly confirmed in the contract.



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